

Kuwait University

Office of Assistant Vice President for Evaluation and Measurement

Academic Aptitude Tests

Student Na	me	Version	
	<u> </u>		2
Civil ID No	0.		
Instructions:			
1. The aptitude tests consist of three t	eests.		
Test Number of Que	stions <u>Time</u>		
	5	1 Hour	
Mathematics 2	0 (No Calculator)	1 Hour	
Chemistry 2	5	1 Hour	

3. Verify all personal and test data on answer sheet and don't make any changes unless approved by the proctor.

2. Mark all your answers on the Answer Sheet and in the proper section. On your answer sheet as shown

- 4. Write down your name and Civil ID# on the test booklet.
- 5. Copy the test's version on your answer sheet.
- 6. Follow the proctor's instruction during the test.

below, using a pencil, darkenthe proper circle.

- 7. During testing, be quite and avoid any cheating situation.
- 8. Observe the allocated and the announced time for each test.

Chemistry Test

Atomic Molar Mass (g/mol):

Hydrogen (H) = 1.01 Carbon (C) = 12.0 Oxygen (O) = 16.0 Sodium (Na) = 23.0 Silicon (Si) = 28.1 Sulfur (S) = 32.1 Chlorine (Cl) = 35.5

Atomic Number:

Hydrogen (H) = 1 Lithium (Li) = 3 Carbon (C) = 6 Nitrogen (N) = 7 Oxygen (O) = 8 Flourine (F) = 9 Sodium (Na) = 11 Chlorine (Cl) = 17 Copper (Cu) = 29 Iodine (I) = 53

Physical Constant:

Ion product constant for water (K_w) at 25 °C = 1.00 x 10⁻¹⁴

1.	w ni	ich of the following pairs, do both subst	ances e	2X15	st as liquid at room temperature?
	(a)	Potassium nitrate (KNO ₃) and nitric acid (HNO ₃)	(0	e)	Sodium acetate (CH ₃ COONa) and acetic acid (CH ₃ COOH)
	(b)	Mercury (Hg) and benzene (C_6H_6)	(0	1)	Iron oxide (Fe ₂ O ₃) and iodine (I_2)
2.	Whi	ich of the following aqueous solutions h	as a pI	Ηv	alue less than 7.00?
	(a)	Na ₂ SO ₄ (aq)	(0	c)	$H_2CO_3(aq)$
	(b)	$Ba(OH)_2(aq)$	(0	1)	KNO ₃ (aq)
3.	Wha	at is the correct chemical name of the co	ompoui	nd ((CuSCN)?
	(a)	Copper(I) thiocyanate	(0	c)	Copper(II) thiocyanate
	(b)	Chromium(II) thiocyanate	(0	1)	Chromium(I) thiocyanate
4.	Whic	ch of the following statements is fulse ?			
	(a)	Burning methane gas $(CH_4(g))$ in air p gas $(CO_2(g))$	roduce	s v	vater and carbon dioxide
	(b)	Dissolving sugar in a cup of tea forms	•	_	
	(c)	Adding acetic acid (CH ₃ COOH(aq)) to (Na ₂ CO ₃ (s)) produces gas bubbles of			sodium carbonate
	(d)	Adding aqueous solution of sodium hy solution of nitric acid (HNO ₃) produce	droxid	le (
5.		pane (CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₃) and butene (CH ₃ CH ₄ ne following statements is correct for the			
	(a)	Both are saturated hydrocarbon com	pound	S	
	(b)	Both are unsaturated hydrocarbon corporate is an alkene and butene is a			3
	(c) (d)	Propane is an alkane and butene is a			
6.	solu	simplest chemical method that can be untions of hydrated barium chloride (BaC) dd aqueous solution of	l ₂ .2H ₂ 0) i	and potassium nitrate (NaNO ₃) is
	(a) (b)	sodium chloride (NaCl) sodium sulfate (Na ₂ SO ₄)		c) d)	nitric acid (HNO ₃) potassum chloride (KCl)
7.		odium atom (Na), the last electron is in oshell):	the	•••	energy sublevel
	(a) (b)	1s 2s	(c) (d)	3: 2:	

8.		at is the solubility product constant (K _s er arsenate (Ag ₃ AsO ₄)?	_p) expr	ression for a saturated solution of
		$K_{sp} = [3Ag^{+}]^{3} [AsO_{4}^{3-}]$ $K_{sp} = [Ag^{+}]^{3} [AsO_{4}^{3-}]$	(c) (d)	$K_{sp} = 1 / [Ag^{+}]^{3} [AsO_{4}^{3-}]$ $K_{sp} = [Ag^{+}]^{3} / [AsO_{4}^{3-}]$
9.	The	correct number of electrons, neutrons	and pr	otons in the cation: $\binom{194}{81}$ Tl ³⁺) are:
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	81 electrons, 275 nuetrons and 81 g 81 electrons, 113 nuetrons and 84 g 78 electrons, 275 nuetrons and 84 g 78 electrons, 113 nuetrons and 81 g	orotons orotons	
10.	Whi	ich of the following is a Lewis acid?		
	(a) (b)	H ⁺ (aq) HNO ₂ (aq)	(c) (d)	NaCl(aq) Cl ⁻ (aq)
11.	Whi	ich of the following compounds contain	ns an e	ther group?
	(a) (b)	CH₃CHO CH₃COONa	(c) (d)	CH ₃ CH ₂ COOCH ₃ CH ₃ OCH ₂ CH ₃
12.	mHC	$Cl(aq) + \mathbf{n}Al(s) \longrightarrow \mathbf{p}H_2(g) +$	q AlCl ₂	s(aq)
	After	balancing the above chemical equation	on, the	coefficient (p) is:
	(a) (b)	2 6	(c) (d)	3 4
13.	Whi	ich of the following substances contain	s polai	covalent bond?
	(a) (b)	CO(g) LiCl(s)		$CH_4(g)$ $N_2(g)$
14.		ich of the following chemical substance c acid (HNO ₃) to give, salt, water and		t with aqueous solution of dilute
	(a) (b)	$Mg(s)$ $K_2CO_3(s)$		(c) NaOH(aq) (d) AgNO ₃ (aq)
15.	2NC	$O_2(g) + 4H_2(g) \longrightarrow N_2(g) + $	4H ₂ O(g)
	Wha	at is the equilibrium constant expression	n for t	he above equilibrium system?
	(a) (b) (c) (d)			

16.	Whi	ch of the following substances is a pol-	ar cov	ralent compound?
	(a) (b)	CuO(s) Mg(s)	(c) (d)	NaCl(s) HCl(aq)
17.	Whi	ch of the following aqueous solutions	will n	ot form buffer solution?
	(a)	Weak acid (CH ₃ COOH(aq)) and its conjugate base (CH ₃ COO ⁻ (aq))	(c)	Weak acid (HCOOH(aq)) and its salt (HCOONa(aq))
	(b)	Strong acid $(H_2SO_4(aq))$ and its salt $(Na_2SO_4(aq))$	(d)	Weak base (NH ₃ (aq)) and its salt (NH ₄ Cl(aq))
18.	In wl	nich of the following compounds the oxid	ation 1	number of chromium (Cr) is equal to +3?
	(a) (b)	K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ K ₂ CrO ₄	(c) (d)	Cr ₂ O ₃ Cr
19.		bond between the lithium and chloring rmed by:	e aton	ns in the solid lithium chloride (LiCl)
	(a)	Sharing one pair of electrons between the two ions	(c)	Transfer of three electrons from lithium atom to chlorine atom
	(b)	Sharing seven pairs of electrons donated by the chloride ion	(d)	Transfer of one electron from lithium atom to chlorine atom
20.		e pH of a sample of polluted rain water concentration [OH ⁻] of the sample is:	r is eq	ual to 8.25, then the hydroxide
	(a) (b)	1.78 x 10 ⁻⁶ mol / liter 7.48 x 10 ⁻⁴ mol / liter	(c) (d)	3.98 x 10 ⁻⁹ mol / liter 5.62 x 10 ⁻⁹ mol / liter
21.	Whi	ch of the following compounds has mo	olar m	ass equal to 82.0 g / mol?
	(a) (b)	NaCl(s) NaHCO ₃ (s)	(c) (d)	CH ₃ COONa(s) Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃
22.	caus	tine (9) uniform pieces of a metal are dring water level to rose from 17.00 cm ³ e of the metal? asity of the metal = $2.50 \text{ g} / \text{cm}^3$?	roppe to 29	d into a graduated cylinder .6 cm ³ . What is the mass of each
	(a) (b)	3.50 g 7.00 g	(c) (d)	4.50 g 12.6 g

23.	$(Be_3$	t is the number of moles of $Al_2(SiO_3)_6$? ar mass of the compound	· /	
	(a)	0.00809 mole	(c)	0.146 mole
	(b)	0.0485 mole	(d)	0.0262 mole

- 24. What is the mass of oxygen (O) in 2.90 g of the hydrated aluminum ammonium sulfate (AlNH₄ (SO₄)₂.12H₂O)? [molar mass of hydrated aluminum ammonium sulfate (AlNH₄(SO₄)₂.12H₂O) = 453.3 g / mol].
 - $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{(a)} & 5.12 \text{ g} & \text{(c)} & 2.05 \text{ g} \\ \text{(b)} & 0.256 \text{ g} & \text{(d)} & 3.07 \text{ g} \end{array}$
- 25. What is the volume of a solution prepared by dissolving 9.76 g of magnesium chloride (MgCl₂) in water to prepare standard solution with a concentration of 0.205 mole / liter?

 [molar mass of magnesium chloride = 95.2 g / mol]
 - (a) 1000 cm^3 (c) 250 cm^3 (d) 750 cm^3

Answers - Chemistry Exam					إجمابات اختبار الكيمياء				
Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers
1 -	000	6 -	A 👂 © 0	11 -	000 0	16 -	A B C 👁	21 -	A @ @ 0
2 -	Ø Ø Ø	7 -	A 8 9 0	12 -	A 8 🛛 0	17 -	A • 0 0	22 -	8 800
3 -	● 9©0	8 -	0 0 0	13 -	6 600	18 -	A 9 🛮 0	23 -	0000
4 -	0000	9 -	080 0	14 -	A 🛛 © 0	19 -	000 0	24 -	A @ @ @
5 -	800 0	10 -	0 00	15 -	6 00	20 -	000	25 -	A @ @ @

Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	
1 -	0000	6 -	0000	11 -	A 3 C O	16 -	0000	
2 -	0000	7 -	0000	12 -	A B C D	17 -	0000	
3 -	0000	8 -	A 8 0 0	13 -	A800	18 -	0000	
4 -	0000	9 -	A800	14 -	A @ @ @	19 -	0000	
5 -	ABC0	10 -	8000	15 -	0000	20 -	0000	

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